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Appl. No. 10/626,913 Amdt. dated June 19, 2006 Reply to Office action of March 20, 2006

interior of the anchor body from one open end; and

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) An anchor assembly for supporting an axially-elongate tubular post insertable and removable from the anchor assembly, the post being non-concrete, having an arcuate exterior profile and having at least a hollow lower end bounded by an arcuate interior surface, the assembly including: a tubular anchor body extending along an axis and having a hollow interior with an arcuate interior cross-sectional area, the hollow interior of the anchor body having two open ends and being configured to receive the post within the hollow

a base plate connected to and closing the end of the anchor body opposite to the end that receives the post, the base plate having an arcuate portion shaped congruently to the arcuate cross-sectional area of the interior of the anchor body and mated into the interior of the anchor body, the base plate having an upstanding arcuate conical portion located within the interior of the anchor body, the conical portion having a cross-sectional area that is complementary to the hollow lower end of the post and having a greatest radial dimension at a base of the conical portion, the anchor body and the conical portion bounding an annular space that extends about the conical portion for receiving the hollow lower end of the post, the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion being greater than a complementary dimension of the interior surface of the post to cause the interior surface of the post to slide over the conical portion and the conical portion to frictionally engage the post such that the hollow lower end of the post wedges against the conical portion within

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- 22 the annular space to prevent lateral movement of the post relative to the base plate. 23 and without any structure connected to and above the base plate that prevents 24 removal of the post from the conical portion and anchor body.
 - 2. An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 1. (currently amended) 2 wherein the anchor body has a circular interior cross-sectional area, bounded by a cylindrical surface of the anchor body, to receive the post which has a circular exterior profile, the arcuate portion of the base plate is upstanding, circular and has 5 a radially outer surface shaped as a cylinder to mate with the cylindrical surface of the anchor body that bounds the circular cross-section anchor body, and the conical portion of the base plate is a circular conic.
 - 3. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the conical portion of the base plate is a truncated conic, and the conical portion is spaced radially inward from the anchor body at the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion such that the annular space that extends about the conical portion extends to the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion to receive the lower end of the post.
 - 4. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the conical portion of the base plate has an axially extending opening to receive a retaining member for retaining the base plate stationary while the tubular post is inserted and removed from the anchor assembly.

Appl. No. 10/626,913 Amdt. dated June 19, 2006 Reply to Office action of March 20, 2006

- 5. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the base plate has an arcuate flange that extends in an outward radial direction from the arcuate portion of the base plate, the flange of the base plate has an outermost radial extent that is greater than an outermost radial extent of the anchor body.
- 6. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the post is rigid to permit insertion and removal, the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion of the base plate is sufficiently large to cause frictional engagement with the <u>rigid</u> post at a location of the post that is spaced from the arcurate portion of the base plate <u>such that the rigid post is stopped before reaching the arcurate portion</u>.
- 7. (currently amended) A base plate insert for use with an axially-elongate tubular anchor body within an anchor assembly for supporting an axially-elongate tubular post, the anchor body having a hollow interior with an arcuate interior cross-sectional area, bounded by a cylindrical surface of the anchor body, and the hollow interior having two open ends and being configured to receive the tubular post from one open end, and the tubular post being insertable and removable from the anchor body, the post being non-concrete, having an arcuate exterior profile and having at least a hollow lower end bounded by an interior surface, the base plate for connection to and closing of the end of the anchor body opposite to the end that receives the post, the base plate including:

 an upstanding arcuate portion shaped congruently to the arcuate cross-

sectional area of the anchor body for mating into the cross-sectional area of the

Appl. No. 10/626,913 Amdt. dated June 19, 2006 Reply to Office action of March 20, 2006

interior of the anchor body, a radially outer surface of the arcuate portion being shaped as a cylinder to mate with the cylindrical surface of the anchor body; and an upstanding arcuate conical portion for location within the interior of the anchor body, the conical portion being rigid and non-deflecting, and having a cross-sectional area that is complementary to the hollow lower end of the post and having a greatest radial dimension at a base of the conical portion, tapering of the conical portion providing an annular space that extends about the conical portion for receipt of the hollow lower end of the tube, the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion being greater than a complementary dimension of the interior surface of the post for causing the interior surface of the post to slide over the conical portion and the conical portion to frictionally engage the post such that the hollow lower end of the post wedges against the conical portion within the annular space to prevent lateral movement of the post relative to the base plate, and without any structure connected to and above the base plate that prevents removal of the post from the conical portion and anchor body.

- 8. (currently amended) A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, wherein the <u>cylindrical surface of the</u> arcuate portion of the base plate is circular to mate with a <u>complementary</u> circular cross-section <u>of the cylindrical surface of the</u> anchor body, and the conical portion of the base plate is a circular conic.
- 9. (original) A base plate insert as set forth in claim 9, wherein the conical portion of the base plate is a truncated conic.

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- A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, 10. (currently amended) wherein the conical portion of the base plate has an axially extending opening to receive a retaining member for retaining the base plate stationary while the tubular post is inserted and removed from the anchor assembly.
- A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, 11. (currently amended) 1 wherein the base plate has an arcuate flange that extends in an outward radial 2 direction from the arcuate portion of the base plate for a radial distance that is 3 greater that an outermost radial extent of the anchor body. 4
- A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, 12. (currently amended) 2 wherein the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion of the base plate is 3 sufficiently large to cause frictional engagement with the post at a location of the post that is spaced from the arcuate portion of the base plate such that the rigid post 4 5 is stopped before reaching the arcuate portion.
 - 13. A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, (currently amended) wherein the conical portion is circumferentially continuous and without seam.
- 1 14. A base plate insert as set forth in claim 7, (previously presented) 2 wherein a greatest radial dimension of the arcuate portion is greater than a greatest 3 radial dimension of the conical portion.
- 1 15. (currently amended) An anchor assembly for supporting an 2 axially-elongate tubular post insertable and removable from the anchor assembly.

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Appl. No. 10/626,913 Amdt. dated June 19, 2006 Reply to Office action of March 20, 2006

the post being non-concrete, having an arcuate exterior profile and having at least a hollow lower end bounded by an interior surface, the assembly including:

surface means, extending along an axis and providing a hollow arcuate interior cross-sectional area, for receiving the post, the hollow interior of the surface means having two open ends with the post extending into the interior of the surface means from one open end; and

a base plate located at and closing the end of the surface means opposite to the end that receives the post, the base plate having an arcuate portion shaped congruently to the arcuate cross-sectional area of the interior of the surface means and mated into the cross-sectional area of the surface means, the base plate having an upstanding arcuate conical portion located within the interior of the anchor body. the conical portion having a cross-sectional area that is complementary to the hollow lower end of the post and having a greatest radial dimension at a base of the conical portion, the anchor body and the surface means bounding an annular area space that extends about the conical portion for receiving the hollow lower end of the post, the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion being greater than a complementary dimension of the interior surface of the post to cause the interior surface of the post to slide over the conical portion and the conical portion to frictionally engage the post such that the hollow lower end of the post wedges against the conical portion within the annular space to prevent lateral movement of the post relative to the base plate, and without any structure connected to and above the base plate that prevents removal of the post from the conical portion and anchor body.

- 16. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 15, wherein the surface means has a circular interior cross-sectional area, bounded by a cylidrical surface of the surface means, to receive the post which has a circular exterior profile, the arcuate portion of the base plate is upstanding, circular and has a radially outer surface shaped as a cylinder to mate with the cylidrical surface that bounds the circular cross-section of the surface means, and the conical portion of the base plate is a circular conic.
- 17. (previously presented) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 15, wherein the conical portion of the base plate is a truncated conic.
- 18. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 15, wherein the conical portion of the base plate has an axially extending opening to receive a retaining member for retaining the base plate stationary while the tubular post is inserted and removed from the anchor assembly.
- 1 19. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 15, wherein the base plate has an arcuate flange that extends in an outward radial direction from the arcuate portion of the base plate, the flange of the base plate has an outermost radial extent that is greater than a radial distance to the surface means.
 - 20. (currently amended) An anchor assembly as set forth in claim 15, wherein the greatest radial dimension of the conical portion of the base plate is sufficiently large to cause frictional engagement with the post at a location of

- 4 the post that is spaced from the arcuate portion of the base plate such that the post
- 5 <u>is stopped before reaching the arcuate portion</u>.